

Stationary Points

- (a) Find the gradient of the curve $y = x^2 - 3x + 7$ at the point $(3, 7)$
- (b) Find the gradient of the curve $y = x^3 + 4x^2 - 9x$ at the point $(2, 6)$
- (c) Find the gradient of the curve $y = x + \frac{9}{x}$ at the point $(3, 6)$

- (a) Find the coordinates of the minimum point on the curve $y = x^2 - 4$
- (b) Find the coordinates of the minimum point on the curve $y = x^2 + 8x + 15$
- (c) Find the coordinates of the maximum point on the curve $y = 7 - 6x - x^2$
- (d) Find the coordinates of the maximum point on the curve $y = 2 + 5x - x^2$

- (a) Find the coordinates of the stationary points on the curve $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 4$. By sketching the graph, determine whether each point is a minimum point or a maximum point.
- (b) Find the coordinates of the stationary point on the curve $y = 3x + \frac{12}{x^2}$. Is this point a minimum point or a maximum point?

- (a) The curve with equation $y = x^2 + ax + b$ has a stationary point at $(-4, -11)$. Find the values of a and b .
- (b) The curve with equation $y = c + dx - x^2$ has a stationary point at $(3, 10)$. Find the values of c and d .

Stationary Points

- (a) Find the gradient of the curve $y = x^2 - 3x + 7$ at the point $(3, 7)$
- (b) Find the gradient of the curve $y = x^3 + 4x^2 - 9x$ at the point $(2, 6)$
- (c) Find the gradient of the curve $y = x + \frac{9}{x}$ at the point $(3, 6)$

- (a) Find the coordinates of the minimum point on the curve $y = x^2 - 4$
- (b) Find the coordinates of the minimum point on the curve $y = x^2 + 8x + 15$
- (c) Find the coordinates of the maximum point on the curve $y = 7 - 6x - x^2$
- (d) Find the coordinates of the maximum point on the curve $y = 2 + 5x - x^2$

- (a) Find the coordinates of the stationary points on the curve $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 4$. By sketching the graph, determine whether each point is a minimum point or a maximum point.
- (b) Find the coordinates of the stationary point on the curve $y = 3x + \frac{12}{x^2}$. Is this point a minimum point or a maximum point?

- (a) The curve with equation $y = x^2 + ax + b$ has a stationary point at $(-4, -11)$. Find the values of a and b .
- (b) The curve with equation $y = c + dx - x^2$ has a stationary point at $(3, 10)$. Find the values of c and d .